PREVENTIVE CARE FOR YOUNG CHILDREN 7-11 MONTHS

Nutrition and feeding

- breast milk or iron-fortified formula for first vear
- finger foods: soft table foods
- no honey until after first birthday
- do not prop bottle or put to bed with bottle
- avoid adding salt, sugar and "mixed" infant dinners
- serve liquids from plastic cup
- no cows milk until after first birthday
- give finger foods, starting with crackers, crusty breads. cereal, & teething biscuits & work up to chopped, diced well cooked bite size pieces of table foods including fruits. vegetables and meats

Growth and development

- sits, crawls
- transfers objects from hand to hand
- has difficulty separating from mom
- pulls to stand
- bangs objects together
- feeds self
- savs syllables
- watches objects fall
- fearful of strangers

Safety and injury prevention

- safety proof home; no exposed cords; cover outlets; medicines, bleach, gasoline, detergents out of reach
- properly secure car seat in the back seat: is everybody buckled up?
- do not leave unattended in bath
- turn handles of pans inward on stove
- do not have hot liquids near child
- don't serve peanuts, popcorn, hot dogs, carrots/celery sticks, grapes, raisins, or hard candy until age 3-4
- use gates at bottom/top of stairs and safety device on windows
- limit sun exposure/use sunscreen
- do not allow use of walker at any age
- keep environment smoke-free
- use smoke alarms
- keep lpecac in home: know Poison Control number 1-800-Poison-1 (1-800-764-7661)

Babies eniov

- pots and pans
- objects in containers
- finger foods
- objects to drop
- water tovs
- playing peek-a-boo
- music
- being read to
- safe space to explore

(7-11 months, continued)

Health teachings

- substitute/distract; for unwanted actions
- avoid circumstances in which infant has too many restrictions - place valuables out of reach
- be consistent a infant needs predictability
- ignore temper tantrums
- reinforce good behavior
- praise often
- review teeth cleaning
- avoid over-the-counter drugs without doctor's advice
- do not smoke around child
- learn CPR and first aid
- wash adult's and infant's hands after changing diapers

REMEMBER: Everyone wash hands (Adults and Children)

Family issues

- individual time for self and partner
- encourage partner's involvement with infant care
- continue social life
- continue to meet needs of siblings and engage them in infant care
- violence potential; handle anger appropriately
- watch for neglect or abuse
- may need extra support, e.g., divorce, disability, income issues, grief, transportation
- may need additional child care services

Questions? Contact:

- Local Community Health Services Office
- Local Family Resource List
- Resources for Family Provider Information Line 1-800-529-5000
- SD Department of Health 1-800-738-2301
- **Health Care Providers**